



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)

March 2015

10 April 2015

National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda

1. Summary

This is the monthly publication for the Consumer Price Index for the month of March 2015. The Urban CPI will be the focus of the publication as it is the headline index for monetary policy purposes.

1.1. Urban Index

The Urban CPI increased by 0.8 (0. 81) percent on annual basis and increased by 0.8 (0.79) percent on a monthly basis. The annual average rate between March 2015 and March 2014 is 1.3 percent.

1.2. Rural Index

The Rural CPI decreased by 1.3 percent on an annual basis, and increased by 2.4 percent on a monthly basis.

1.3. Overall Rwanda Index

The Rwanda CPI decreased by 0.7 percent on an annual basis, and increased by 1.9 percent on a monthly basis.

TABLE 1: Consumer Price Index	, Urban an	d Rural											
	percentage change on the same period 12 months earlier: 2014										2015		
	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Urban CPI Annual change	3.4	2.7	1.9	1.4	1.9	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.7	2.1	1.4	0.7	7 0.8
Rural CPI Annual change	7.9	5.8	5.4	6.1	4.5	4.7	-0.6	-3.2	-4.9	-1.7	-0.2	0.0) -1.3
Rwanda CPI Annual change	6.4	4.8	4.2	4.5	3.5	3.3	-0.4	-2.1	-3.1	-0.4	0.4	0.2	2 -0.7
Urban CPI Monthly change	0.7	′ 0.6	-0.7	-0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.6	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5	0.5	5 0.8
Rural CPI Monthly change	3.8	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.8	0.2	-0.8	-1.7	^{′′} -1.8	-1.3	1.4	l 2.4
Rwanda CPI Monthly change	2.7	' 0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.6	0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-1.3	-1.0	1.1	1.9
Source: NISR													

2. Urban Consumer Price Index

The Urban Consumer Price Index is calculated based on approximately 1022 products in twelve urban centres of Rwanda. The table below shows the monthly and annual change in March 2015 for the main categories of the urban index.

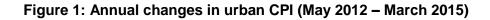
TABLE 2:	Consumer Price Index, Urban summary			
		-	Percentage cha	nge in Mar. 2015
Code	Categories	Weights	on Feb. 2015	on Mar. 2014
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	0.8%	0.8%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	28%	3.0%	0.8%
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	5%	0.7%	8.3%
01.1.2	Meat	2%	0.2%	3.1%
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	2%	0.2%	1.8%
01.1.7	Vegetables	10%	7.2%	-2.3%
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	0.4%	2.1%
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	3%	-1.4%	3.6%
03	Clothing and footwear	4%	-0.1%	3.2%
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	0.2%	3.8%
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	0.2%	0.5%
06	Health	1%	-0.2%	-0.2%
07	Transport	18%	-0.2%	-3.9%
08	Communication	3%	-0.6%	0.2%
09	Recreation and culture	2%	0.0%	4.9%
10	Education	6%	0.0%	0.5%
11	Restaurants and hotels	4%	0.3%	2.9%
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4%	-0.2%	2.9%
Source:	NISR			

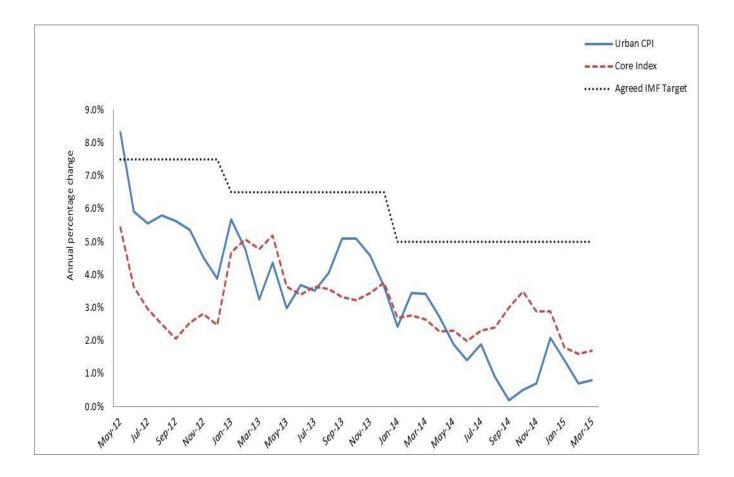
The Urban CPI increased by 0.8 percent in March 2015 compared to the same month of the previous year. This is mainly due to the rising prices of 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' 0.8 percent and 'Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels' 3.8 percent. The biggest negative contribution came from 'Transport' (0.7 percentage points).

The monthly change in CPI is 0.8 percent compared to February 2015. 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' increased by 3.0 percent.

The underlying inflation rate (excluding fresh food and energy) increased by 0.1 percent when compared to Febuary 2015 and increased by 1.7 percent when compared to March 2014. The annual average underlying inflation rate is 2.4 percent.

TABLE3: Consumer Price Index (Urban only): Core and General, annual percentage change (evolution over 12 months) percentage change on the same period 12 months earlier:													
2014											2015		
	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
General index	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3
Core / Underlying index	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4
Source: NISR													





3. Other selected urban indices

In this section, we present five selected urban indices - the local goods index, the imported goods index, the fresh products index, the energy index and the core index.

On an annual basis, the local goods index increased by 1.2 percent, the imported goods index decreased by 0.1 percent, the fresh products index decreased by 2.5 percent, the energy index decreased by 0.9 percent and the core index or the general index excluding fresh products and energy increased by 1.7 percent.

On a monthly basis, the local goods index increased by 1.1 percent; the imported goods index was stable, the fresh products index increased by 4.5 percent, the energy index decreased by 0.6 percent and the core index increased by 0.1 percent.

TABLE 4: Consumer Price Index (Urban only), Core & other									
		Percentage change in Mar. 201							
Categories	Weights	on Feb. 2015	on Mar. 2014						
GENERAL INDEX	100%	0.8%	0.8%						
Local Goods Index	74%	1.1%	1.2%						
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	23%	3.7%	-0.5%						
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	0.1%	3.9%						
Transport	7%	-0.1%	-1.1%						
Imported Goods Index	26%	0.0%	-0.1%						
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	5%	0.2%	7.0%						
Furnishing, household equipment	2%	0.7%	-0.6%						
Transport	11%	-0.7%	-6.3%						
Fresh Products index ¹	17%	4.5%	-2.5%						
Energy index	8 %	-0.6%	-0.9%						
General Index excluding fresh Products and energy ²	75%	0.1%	1.7%						
Source: NISR									
(1) Fresh products are food products which have seasonal fluctuation	IS								
(2) Proxy for underlying inflation									

4. Methodological notice

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time of goods and services purchased by households. The CPI uses a Modified Laspeyres formula to calculate the index. The reference population for the CPI consists of all households, urban and rural in Rwanda.

The household basket includes 1,022 products sold in many places spread all over the country. A variety of places of observation are selected: shops, markets, hospitals, schools etc. More than 25,392 prices in urban areas and 8,329 in rural areas are collected every month.

The weights used for the index are from the result of the Household Living Conditions Survey (EICV III) conducted in 2010-2011 with a sample of 14,308 households.

4.1. How to Interpret the CPI

Movements of the indices from one month to another usually are expressed as percentage changes rather than changes in index points. The level of the index (relative to its base period) affects index point changes, but it does not affect percent changes.

The following example illustrates how to calculate percentage changes:

Index point changeCPI178Less CPI for previous period 176Equals index point change2

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Percent changeIndex point difference2Divided by the previous index176Equals0.011Results multiplied by 1000.011 x 100Equals percent change1.1

6. Annexes: Reference Tables

			Index (Feb 2014=100)			Percentage chan	Contributions ¹ :		
Code	Categories	Weights	Mar-14	Feb-15	Mar-15	on Feb. 2015	on Mar. 2014	1 month	12 months
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	100.7	100.7	101.5	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	28%	101.9	99.7	102.7	3.0%	0.8%	0.8	0.2
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	5%	99.6	107.1	107.8	0.7%	8.3%	0.0	0.4
01.1.2	Meat	2%	100.0	102.9	103.1	0.2%	3.1%	0.0	0.1
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	2%	100.6	102.2	102.4	0.2%	1.8%	0.0	0.0
01.1.7	Vegetables	10%	105.1	95.7	102.6	7.2%	-2.3%	0.7	-0.2
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	99.0	100.6	101.0	0.4%	2.1%	0.0	0.0
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	3%	100.1	105.2	103.7	-1.4%	3.6%	0.0	0.1
03	Clothing and footwear	4%	99.7	102.9	102.8	-0.1%	3.2%	0.0	0.1
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	100.0	103.6	103.8	0.2%	3.8%	0.0	0.9
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	101.1	101.3	101.5	0.2%	0.5%	0.0	0.0
06	Health	1%	100.4	100.4	100.2	-0.2%	-0.2%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	18%	99.4	95.7	95.5	-0.2%	-3.9%	0.0	-0.7
08	Communication	3%	100.0	100.8	100.2	-0.6%	0.2%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	2%	100.1	105.0	105.0	0.0%	4.9%	0.0	0.1
10	Education	6%	100.0	100.5	100.5	0.0%	0.5%	0.0	0.0
11	Restaurants and hotels	4%	100.3	102.9	103.2	0.3%	2.9%	0.0	0.1
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4%	99.7	102.8	102.6	-0.2%	2.9%	0.0	0.1

			Index (F	eb 2014=1	00)	Percentage chang	ge in Mar. 2015	Contrib	utions ¹ :
Code	Categories	Weights	Mar-14	Feb-15	Mar-15	on Feb. 2015	on Mar. 2014	1 month	12 months
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	103.8	100.0	102.4	2.4%	-1.3%	2.4%	-1.3%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	53%	105.8	98.8	103.2	4.5%	-2.4%	2.3	-1.3
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	7%	101.2	105.3	103.6	-1.7%	2.3%	-0.1	0.2
01.1.2	Meat	2%	100.3	102.6	103.4	0.7%	3.0%	0.0	0.0
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	1%	97.4	99.2	99.8	0.7%	2.5%	0.0	0.0
01.1.7	Vegetables	30%	108.4	98.0	105.3	7.4%	-2.9%	2.2	-0.9
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	97.0	98.4	98.1	-0.3%	1.1%	0.0	0.0
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	4%	98.1	104.5	103.7	-0.8%	5.7%	0.0	0.2
03	Clothing and footwear	5%	99.9	101.7	101.5	-0.3%	1.5%	0.0	0.2
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	18%	99.1	100.4	101.1	0.7%	2.0%	0.1	0.4
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	3%	100.6	103.1	102.9	-0.2%	2.3%	0.0	0.1
06	Health	1%	100.1	103.1	103.5	0.4%	3.4%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	6%	99.8	99.1	98.9	-0.2%	-0.9%	0.0	0.0
08	Communication	2%	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	1%	99.7	101.0	101.5	0.5%	1.8%	0.0	0.0
10	Education	3%	100.0	105.7	105.7	0.0%	5.7%	0.0	0.1
11	Restaurants and hotels	2%	100.0	101.1	101.1	0.0%	1.0%	0.0	0.0
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	3%	100.0	100.3	101.0	0.7%	1.0%	0.0	0.0

			Index (F	Feb 2014=1	00)	Percentage char	Contributions ¹ :		
Code	Categories	Weights	Mar-14	Feb-15	Mar-15	on Feb. 2015	on Mar. 2014	1 month	12 months
00	GENERAL INDEX	100%	102.7	100.2	102.1	1.9%	-0.7%	1.9%	-0.7%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	44%	104.9	99.0	103.1	4.2%	-1.8%	1.8	-0.8
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	6%	100.8	105.8	104.8	-1.0%	4.0%	-0.1	0.2
01.1.2	Meat	2%	100.2	102.7	103.3	0.5%	3.1%	0.0	0.1
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	1%	98.9	100.5	100.9	0.4%	2.0%	0.0	0.0
01.1.7	Vegetables	23%	107.9	97.6	104.9	7.4%	-2.8%	1.6	-0.7
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	97.7	99.3	99.3	0.0%	1.7%	0.0	0.0
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	4%	98.6	104.7	103.7	-0.9%	5.2%	0.0	0.2
03	Clothing and footwear	5%	99.8	102.1	101.9	-0.2%	2.1%	0.0	0.1
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	20%	99.5	101.7	102.2	0.5%	2.7%	0.1	0.5
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	100.7	102.4	102.3	0.0%	1.7%	0.0	0.1
06	Health	1%	100.2	101.8	101.9	0.1%	1.6%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	10%	99.6	96.9	96.7	-0.2%	-2.8%	0.0	-0.3
08	Communication	2%	100.0	100.3	100.1	-0.3%	0.1%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	1%	99.9	103.2	103.5	0.2%	3.5%	0.0	0.0
10	Education	4%	100.0	102.8	102.8	0.0%	2.8%	0.0	0.1
11	Restaurants and hotels	3%	100.2	102.0	102.1	0.1%	1.9%	0.0	0.1
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	3%	99.9	101.4	101.7	0.3%	1.8%	0.0	0.1

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