



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)

FEBRUARY 2017

10 March 2017

National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda

1. Summary

This is the monthly publication of the Consumer Price Index for the month of February 2017. The Urban CPI will be the focus of the publication as it is the headline index for monetary policy purposes.

1.1. Urban Index

The Urban CPI increased by 8.1 percent on annual basis and increased by 1.1 percent on a monthly basis. The annual average rate between February 2017 and February 2016 is 6.3 percent.

1.2. Rural Index

The Rural CPI increased by 16.2 percent on an annual basis, and increased by 2.3 percent on a monthly basis.

1.3. Overall Rwanda Index

The Rwanda CPI increased by 13.4 percent on an annual basis, and increased by 1.9 percent on a monthly basis.

TABLE 1: Consumer Price Index,													
	percentage	e change o	n the sam	e period 1	2 months	earlier:							
	2016 20											2017	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Urban CPI Annual change	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.6	5.5	6.9	6.4	5.8	7.4	6.4	7.3	7.4	8.1
Rural CPI Annual change	7.1	6.5	4.3	4.3	6.7	8.3	8.1	8.3	10.0	10.6	13.0	14.5	16.2
Rwanda CPI Annual change	6.1	5.8	4.4	4.4	6.3	7.8	7.5	7.4	9.1	9.1	11.0	12.0	13.4
Urban CPI Monthly change	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.5	1.4	0.1	0.3	-0.4	1.1
Rural CPI Monthly change	0.8	1.9	0.6	-0.2	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.3	4.0	0.7	-0.5	-0.3	2.3
Rwanda CPI Monthly change	0.7	1.6	0.7	0.0	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.7	3.1	0.5	-0.2	-0.3	1.9
Source: NISR													

2. Urban Consumer Price Index

The Urban Consumer Price Index is calculated based on approximately 1022 products in twelve urban centres of Rwanda. The table below shows the monthly and annual change in February 2017 for the main categories of the urban index.

		-	Percentage chang	e in Feb. 2017
Code	Categories	Weights	on Jan. 2017	on Feb. 2016
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	1.1%	8.1%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	28%	1.9%	17.6%
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	5%	0.2%	7.7%
01.1.2	Meat	2%	-0.2%	1.6%
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	2%	-1.6%	7.0%
01.1.7	Vegetables	10%	4.5%	23.1%
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	0.6%	15.0%
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	3%	4.0%	6.5%
03	Clothing and footwear	4%	0.3%	7.5%
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	0.8%	2.1%
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	0.4%	4.0%
06	Health	1%	0.3%	6.6%
07	Transport	18%	0.4%	8.3%
08	Communication	3%	0.0%	8.3%
09	Recreation and culture	2%	-0.4%	2.2%
10	Education	6%	0.0%	-0.8%
11	Restaurants and hotels	4%	0.5%	0.7%
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4%	2.6%	3.9%

The Urban CPI increased by 8.1 percent in February 2017 compared to the same month of the previous year. This is mainly due to the rising prices of 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' 17.6 percent, 'Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels' 2.1 percent and 'Transport' 8.3 percent.

The monthly CPI increased by 1.1 percent in February 2017. 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' and 'Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels' increased by 1.9 percent and 0.8 percent respectively.

The underlying inflation rate (excluding fresh food and energy) increased by 0.5 percent when compared to January 2017 and increased by 5.6 percent when compared to February 2016. The annual average underlying inflation rate is 4.5 percent.

TABLE3: Consumer Price Index	(Urban only)	: Core and	General,	annual pe	ercentage	change (evolution	over 12 m	onths)				
percentage change on the same period 12 months earlier:													
	2016											2017	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
General index	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.3
Core / Underlying index	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.5
Source: NISR													

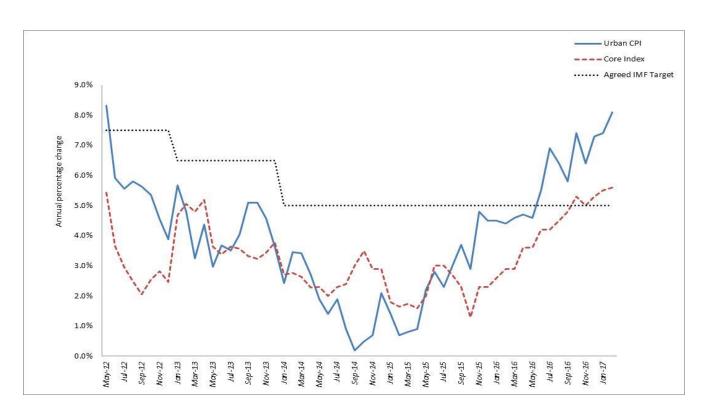


Figure 1: Annual changes in urban CPI (May 2012 – February 2017)

3. Other selected urban indices

In this section, we present five selected urban indices - the local goods index, the imported goods index, the fresh products index, the energy index and the core index.

On an annual basis, the local goods index increased by 7.9 percent, the imported goods index increased by 8.8 percent, the fresh products index increased by 20.1 percent, the energy index increased by 4.6 percent and the core index or the general index excluding fresh products and energy increased by 5.6 percent.

On a monthly basis, the local goods index increased by 1.3 percent; the imported goods index increased by 0.5 percent, the fresh products index increased by 2.9 percent, the energy index increased by 2.5 percent and the core index increased by 0.5 percent.

TABLE 4: Consumer Price Index (Urban only), Core & other											
Percentage change in Feb. 2017											
Categories	Weights	on Jan. 2017	on Feb. 2016								
GENERAL INDEX	100%	1.1%	8.1%								
Local Goods Index	74%	1.3%	7.9%								
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	23%	2.2%	20.1%								
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	0.8%	2.2%								
Transport	7%	0.0%	0.3%								
Imported Goods Index	26%	0.5%	8.8%								
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	5%	0.4%	6.9%								
Furnishing, household equipment	2%	0.2%	2.3%								
Transport	11%	0.6%	13.5%								
Fresh Products index ¹	17%	2.9%	20.1%								
Energy index	8%	2.5%	4.6%								
General Index excluding fresh Products and energy ²	75%	0.5%	5.6%								
Source: NISR											
(1) Fresh products are food products which have seasonal fluctuation	IS										
(2) Proxy for underlying inflation											

4. Methodological notice

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time of goods and services purchased by households. The CPI uses a Modified Laspeyres formula to calculate the index. The reference population for the CPI consists of all households, urban and rural in Rwanda.

The household basket includes 1,022 products sold in many places spread all over the country. A variety of places of observation are selected: shops, markets, hospitals, schools etc. More than 25,392 prices in urban areas and 8,329 in rural areas are collected every month.

The weights used for the index are from the result of the Household Living Conditions Survey (EICVIII) conducted in 2010-2011 with a sample of 14,308 households.

4.1. How to Interpret the CPI

Movements of the indices from one month to another usually are expressed as percentage changes rather than changes in index points. The level of the index (relative to its base period) affects index point changes, but it does not affect percent changes.

The following example illustrates how to calculate percentage changes:

Index point change CPI 178

Less CPI for previous period 176

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	Equals in	ndex point change	2
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Percent change	
Index point difference	2
Divided by the previous index	176
Equals	0.011
Results multiplied by 100 0	.011 x 100
Equals percent change	1.1

6. Annexes: Reference Tables

			Index (F	eb 2014=1	00)	Percentage chan	ge in Feb. 2017	Contrib	utions ¹ :
Code	Categories	Weights	Feb-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	on Jan. 2017	on Feb. 2016	1 month	12 months
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	105.2	112.5	113.7	1.1%	8.1%	1.1%	8.1%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	28%	107.8	124.4	126.8	1.9%	17.6%	0.6	5.
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	5%	107.3	115.3	115.6	0.2%	7.7%	0.0	0.
01.1.2	Meat	2%	108.5	110.5	110.3	-0.2%	1.6%	0.0	0.
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	2%	104.1	113.2	111.4	-1.6%	7.0%	0.0	0.
01.1.7	Vegetables	10%	113.4	133.5	139.5	4.5%	23.1%	0.5	2.
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	102.4	117.1	117.8	0.6%	15.0%	0.0	0.
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	3%	113.6	116.4	121.1	4.0%	6.5%	0.1	0.
03	Clothing and footwear	4%	103.1	110.5	110.9	0.3%	7.5%	0.0	0.
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	106.5	107.8	108.7	0.8%	2.1%	0.2	0.
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	104.7	108.5	108.8	0.4%	4.0%	0.0	0.
06	Health	1%	100.3	106.5	106.8	0.3%	6.6%	0.0	0.
07	Transport	18%	100.5	108.4	108.8	0.4%	8.3%	0.1	1.
08	Communication	3%	100.2	108.5	108.5	0.0%	8.3%	0.0	0.
09	Recreation and culture	2%	109.5	112.4	111.9	-0.4%	2.2%	0.0	0.
10	Education	6%	102.2	101.4	101.4	0.0%	-0.8%	0.0	0.
11	Restaurants and hotels	4%	104.3	104.4	105.0	0.5%	0.7%	0.0	0.
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4%	104.3	105.6	108.3	2.6%	3.9%	0.1	0.1

			Index (F	eb 2014=1	00)	Percentage chang	Contributions ¹ :		
Code	Categories	Weights	Feb-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	on Jan. 2017	on Feb. 2016	1 month	12 months
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	107.0	121.5	124.3	2.3%	16.2%	2.3%	16.2%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	53%	110.5	135.2	139.7	3.3%	26.4%	1.9	14.4
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	7%	106.6	131.5	128.5	-2.3%	20.5%	-0.2	1.4
01.1.2	Meat	2%	110.0	115.2	114.2	-0.8%	3.8%	0.0	0.1
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	1%	101.8	104.5	107.9	3.3%	6.0%	0.0	0.1
01.1.7	Vegetables	30%	115.5	141.9	148.6	4.7%	28.7%	1.6	9.2
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	102.3	113.4	108.7	-4.1%	6.2%	0.0	0.1
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	4%	111.6	118.7	117.6	-1.0%	5.4%	0.0	0.2
03	Clothing and footwear	5%	101.2	108.6	108.7	0.1%	7.4%	0.0	0.3
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	18%	102.5	97.0	99.3	2.4%	-3.1%	0.4	-0.5
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	3%	103.6	105.4	105.8	0.4%	2.2%	0.0	0.1
06	Health	1%	103.1	106.2	106.2	0.0%	3.0%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	6%	99.9	99.9	100.0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0.0
08	Communication	2%	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	1%	101.7	102.4	103.2	0.8%	1.5%	0.0	0.0
10	Education	3%	108.2	164.4	164.4	0.0%	52.0%	0.0	1.4
11	Restaurants and hotels	2%	101.7	109.3	110.5	1.1%	8.6%	0.0	0.2
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	3%	103.1	106.1	107.0	0.8%	3.8%	0.0	0.1

Index (Feb 2014=100) Percentage change in Feb. 2017 Contr											
Code	Categories	Weights	Feb-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	on Jan. 2017	on Feb. 2016	1 month	12 months		
00	GENERAL INDEX	100%	106.4	118.3	120.6	1.9%	13.4%	1.9%	13.4%		
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	44%	109.9	132.8	136.8	3.0%	24.5%	1.5	11.1		
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	6%	106.8	126.7	124.7	-1.6%	16.7%	-0.1	1.1		
01.1.2	Meat	2%	109.4	113.3	112.6	-0.6%	3.0%	0.0	0.1		
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	1%	102.8	108.2	109.4	1.1%	6.4%	0.0	0.1		
01.1.7	Vegetables	23%	115.1	140.6	147.2	4.7%	27.8%	1.3	6.9		
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	102.4	115.0	112.6	-2.1%	10.0%	0.0	0.1		
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	4%	112.1	118.1	118.5	0.3%	5.7%	0.0	0.2		
03	Clothing and footwear	5%	101.8	109.2	109.4	0.2%	7.4%	0.0	0.3		
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	20%	104.1	101.4	103.1	1.7%	-0.9%	0.3	-0.2		
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	104.0	106.6	107.0	0.4%	2.9%	0.0	0.1		
06	Health	1%	101.7	106.4	106.5	0.2%	4.7%	0.0	0.0		
07	Transport	10%	100.3	105.3	105.6	0.2%	5.3%	0.0	0.5		
08	Communication	2%	100.1	104.0	104.0	0.0%	3.9%	0.0	0.1		
09	Recreation and culture	1%	106.1	108.0	108.1	0.1%	1.9%	0.0	0.0		
10	Education	4%	104.9	129.6	129.6	0.0%	23.6%	0.0	0.9		
11	Restaurants and hotels	3%	102.9	106.9	107.8	0.8%	4.7%	0.0	0.1		
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	3%	103.6	105.9	107.6	1.6%	3.9%	0.0	0.1		

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